

2.2 World Climate Regions

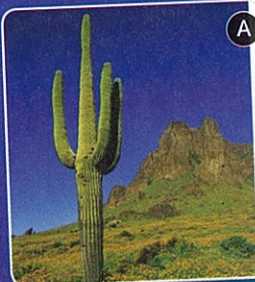
TECHTREK
myNGconnect.com For an online map and photos of world climate regions

Maps and Graphs Digital Library

Main Idea Geographers identify climate regions to help them understand and categorize life on Earth.

A climate region is a group of places that have similar temperatures, precipitation levels, and changes in weather. Geographers have identified 5 climate regions that are broken down into 12 subcategories. Places that are located in the same subcategory often have similar **vegetation**, or plant life.

Before You Move On
Make Inferences How might climate regions help geographers analyze life in a particular place?



A **Dry Climates** have little to no rain or snow and both hot and cold temperatures. Plant life includes shrubs and cacti.

Saguaro Cactus, Sonoran Desert, Arizona



B **Humid Temperate Climates** have cool winters, warm summers, and ample rainfall. Plant life includes mixed forests with evergreens and leafy trees.

Mixed Forest, Great Smoky Mountains, North Carolina



C **Humid Equatorial Climates** are found near the equator. They have high temperatures and rainfall all or most of the year. Plant life includes tropical plants and rain forests or grasslands with trees.

Bromeliads, Amazon rain forest, Peru

WORLD CLIMATE REGIONS



Mosses, Disko Bay, Greenland

D **Tundra or Ice Climates** are north of the Arctic Circle and south of the Antarctic Circle. They have long, cold winters and short summers. Plant life includes mosses or no vegetation.



Natural Park, Eastern Siberia, Russia

E **Humid Cold Climates** have cold winters, warm summers, rain, and snow. Plant life includes evergreen or deciduous (leafy) forests.

TECHTREK
Go to myNGconnect.com to explore this map with the Interactive Map Tool.

ANTARCTICA

Humid Equatorial	Humid Temperate	Tundra or Ice
■ No dry season	■ No dry season	■
■ Short dry season	■ Dry summer	■ Unclassified highlands
■ Long dry season	■ Dry winter	
Dry	Humid Cold	
■ Semiarid	■ Dry winter	
■ Arid	■ No dry season	

ONGOING ASSESSMENT
MAP LAB GeoJournal

- Interpret Maps** What is the most common climate in northern Africa? How might this climate affect population?
- Compare and Contrast** How does the climate of western Europe differ from that of eastern Europe?
- Human-Environment Interaction** What advantages would humid temperate climates have for farming? For logging?

Climate

TECHTREK
myNGconnect.com For climographs and research links about U.S. climates

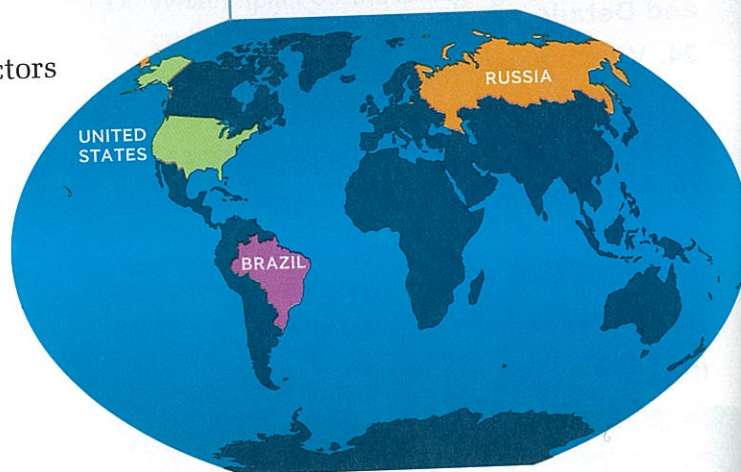
Maps and Graphs Connect to NG

In this unit, you learned that climate is the average condition of the atmosphere in a region over a long period of time. Climate is determined by the latitude of a location, as well as by ocean currents, air currents, and elevation.

Two important factors of climate are temperature and precipitation. These factors determine the length and timing of the growing season and influence the types of economic activities in a region. For instance, a country with year-round warm temperatures and precipitation probably has a better agricultural industry than a country with low temperatures and a short rainy season.

Compare

- Brazil
- Russia
- United States



CLIMATE MAPS AND CLIMOGRAPHS

A climate map provides an overview of the climate in a region. However, sometimes more specific information about a city or country is needed. Geographers use a special tool called a **climograph** (climate + graph) to graphically show a range of temperature and precipitation in a place over a period of time. A climograph includes a bar graph that shows the amount of precipitation for a location. Average monthly temperature is shown by a line connecting 12 points, one for each month of the year.

Climographs are useful in comparing the climates of two different locations. They help geographers and others better understand the effects of climate on human activities in those locations.

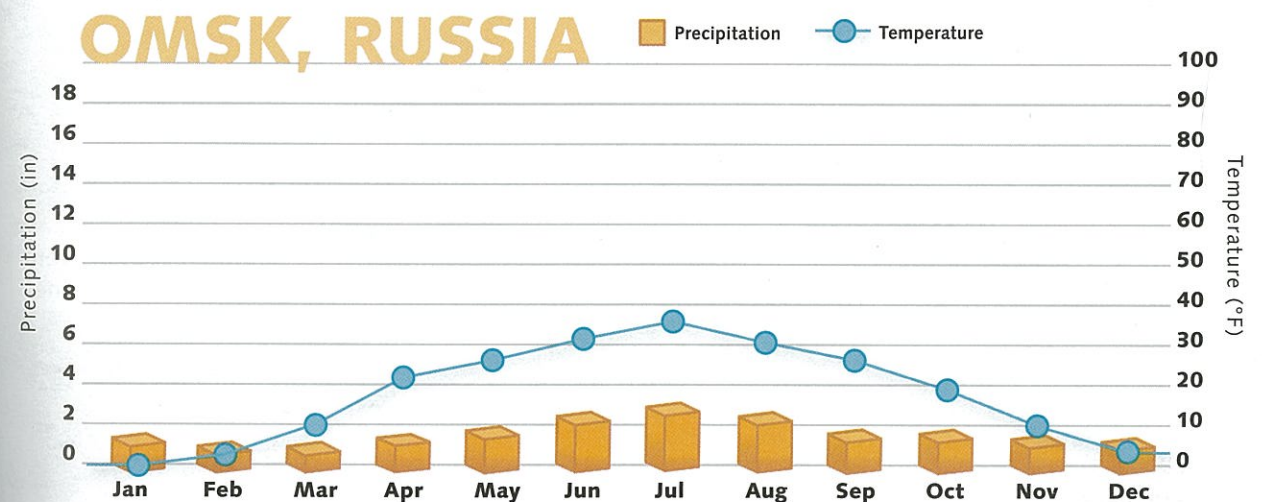
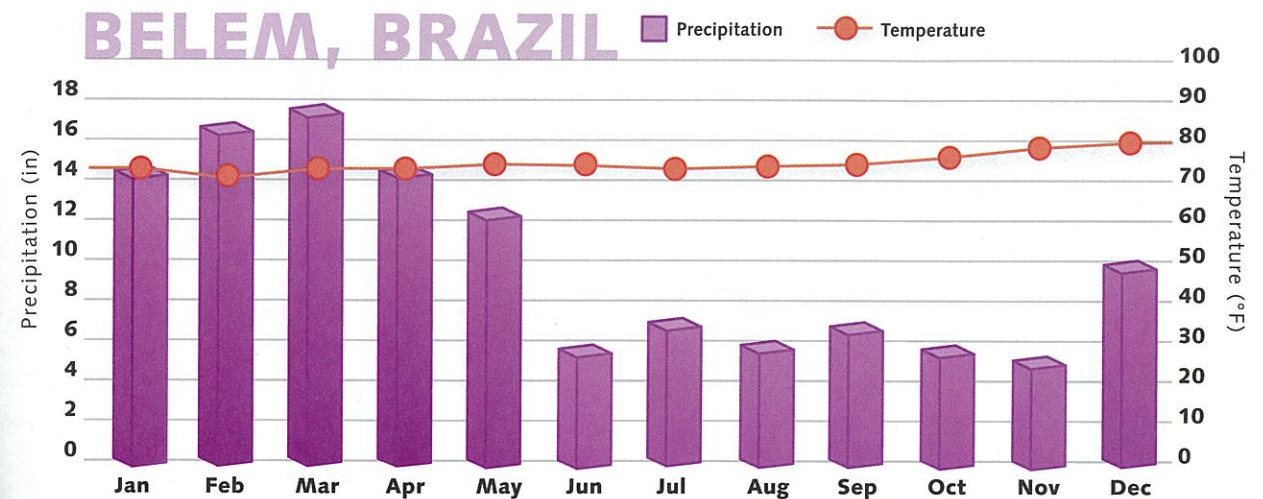
INTERPRET CLIMOGRAPHS

Look at the climographs for the cities of Belem, Brazil, and Omsk, Russia, on the opposite page. The months of the year are listed across the bottom of each climograph. A scale on the left vertical axis measures precipitation, or rainfall, in inches. A scale on the right vertical axis measures temperature in degrees Fahrenheit (°F).

The bars on the climographs show the rainfall for Belem, Brazil, and Omsk, Russia. The lines connecting the dots show the range of temperatures for each location.

Study the data in the climographs to analyze the climate in Belem and Omsk. Then answer the questions at right.

AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, University of Nebraska-Lincoln

ONGOING ASSESSMENT

RESEARCH LAB

GeoJournal

- Interpret Graphs** How would you describe the range of temperatures in Belem? What is the average temperature in Omsk in January? In July?
- Make Inferences** Most crops need water and warm temperatures in order to grow. Based on this information, what can you tell about the growing season in each city?

Research and Create a Climograph Choose a city in the United States and do research to find the average temperature and rainfall for each month of the year. Record the data in a chart. Use the data to create a climograph for that city. Then, with a partner, write three questions to help someone analyze and compare data on your two climographs.